Math 2		Name		ID: 1
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Unit 1:	Distance & Midpoint Formulas		Date	Period

Find the distance between each pair of points. Round your answer to the nearest tenth, if necessary.



Find the midpoint of the line segment with the given endpoints.

5) (-4, -9), (-10, 0) 6) (1, -12), (-12, 13)

Find the midpoint of each line segment.



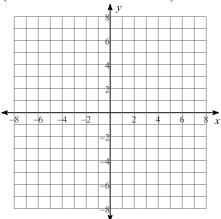
Find the other endpoint of the line segment with the given endpoint and midpoint.

- 9) Endpoint: (4, 12), midpoint: (-11, 4)
- 10) Endpoint: (1, -13), midpoint: (-3, 3)

Applications of the Distance and Midpoint Formulas

- 11) \overline{PQ} is the diameter of a circle. The coordinates of *P* are (5, -11) and the coordinates of *Q* are (12, -7). Find the center of the circle.
- 12) A boat at X(5, -2) needs to travel to Y(-6, 9) or Z(17, -3). Which point is closer? What is the distance to the closer point? (round to the nearest hundredth)

13) Quadrilateral *PQSR* has the following coordinates: P(0, 0), Q(-1, 4), R(8, 2), and *S* (7, 6). Graph the quadratilateral *PQSR* and find the perimeter and the midpoint of \overline{QR} . (round to the nearest tenth)



- 14) Two news helicopters are flying at the same altitude on their way to a college football game.Helicopter *A* is 20 mi due west of the game. Helicopter *B* is 15 mi south and 15 mi east of the game.A) How far apart are the helicopters?
 - B) How far from the game is each helicopter?

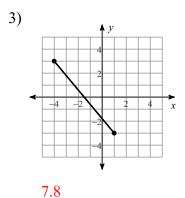
C) Both helicopters are flying at an average speed of 80 mi/h. How many minutes will it take each of them to arrive at the gaem?

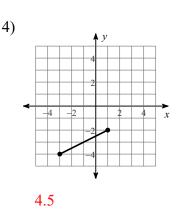
15) Find the possible values of a if points C(1, -3) and D(a, 21) are a distance of 25 units apart.

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Unit 1: Distance & Mic	lpoint Formulas	Date	Period

Find the distance between each pair of points. Round your answer to the nearest tenth, if necessary.

1)
$$(12, 2)$$
, $(5, -11)$
14.8
10.8
2) $(-1, -1)$, $(-7, -10)$
10.8

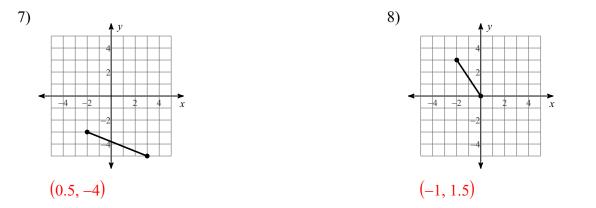




Find the midpoint of the line segment with the given endpoints.

5) (-4, -9), (-10, 0)6) (1, -12), (-12, 13)(-7, -4.5)(-5.5, 0.5)

Find the midpoint of each line segment.



Find the other endpoint of the line segment with the given endpoint and midpoint.

9) Endpoint: (4, 12), midpoint: (-11, 4)

10) Endpoint: (1, -13), midpoint: (-3, 3)

(-7, 19)

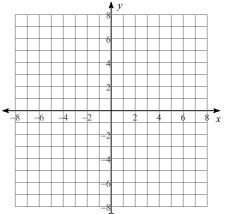
Applications of the Distance and Midpoint Formulas

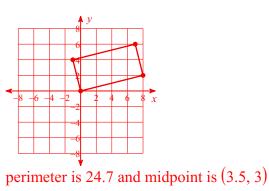
- 11) \overline{PQ} is the diameter of a circle. The coordinates of *P* are (5, -11) and the coordinates of *Q* are (12, -7). Find the center of the circle.
 - (8.5, -9)

12) A boat at X(5, -2) needs to travel to Y(-6, 9) or Z(17, -3). Which point is closer? What is the distance to the closer point? (round to the nearest hundredth)

Point Z; 12.04 units

13) Quadrilateral *PQSR* has the following coordinates: P(0, 0), Q(-1, 4), R(8, 2), and *S* (7, 6). Graph the quadratilateral *PQSR* and find the perimeter and the midpoint of \overline{QR} . (round to the nearest tenth)





- 14) Two news helicopters are flying at the same altitude on their way to a college football game.Helicopter *A* is 20 mi due west of the game. Helicopter *B* is 15 mi south and 15 mi east of the game.A) How far apart are the helicopters?
 - B) How far from the game is each helicopter?

C) Both helicopters are flying at an average speed of 80 mi/h. How many minutes will it take each of them to arrive at the gaem?

A) 38.1 mi,

- B) 20 mi for helo A and 21.2 mi for helo B,
- C) 15 min for helo A and 16 min for helo B
- 15) Find the possible values of *a* if points C(1, -3) and D(a, 21) are a distance of 25 units apart.

a is either -6 or 8