

1.5 – Piecewise Functions

iecewise Function

Is a function that has its graph broken into different parts, thus its name “**Piece**”wise. The different functions are *defined on VARIOUS DOMAIN VALUES* (x-values). The x-values (independent) determine which function **piece** to use. (Inequalities after the word if)

- Step # 1** → Evaluate the function based on its domain (x) values ; start with #'s after the word IF.
- Step # 2** → Make a table of values (points) ; indicate if those points are closed or open dots. ≤, ≥, = <, >, ≠
- Step # 3** → After graphing (by hand – calculator is not helpful), CHECK for one MAJOR FEATURE: Piecewise function’s graphs should NOT CROSS EACH OTHER!

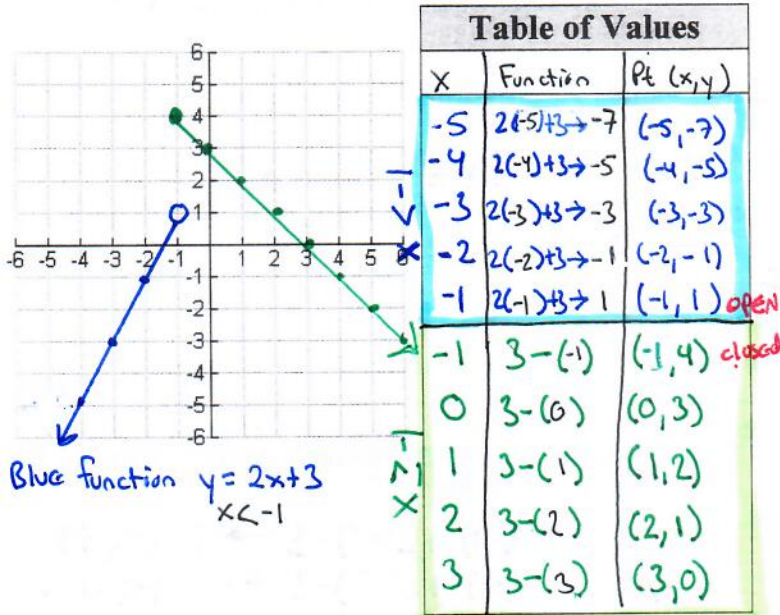
Example 1: Evaluate each piecewise function. Validate points with the function’s given graph.

Given Piecewise Function	Graph of Piecewise Function	Evaluate/Complete Table of Values																																							
<p>a.) *Inequality tells you what #'s to use for “x”!</p> $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 2x - 3 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x + 1 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$ <p>Two pieces to the functions</p> <p>Blue piece $x^2 + 2x - 3$ “x < 0” ← open dot at (0, -3)</p> <p>Green piece → $x + 1$ x ≥ 0 ← closed dot at (0, 1)</p>		<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>x</th> <th>Work to find f(x) or y</th> <th>Pt (x,y)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-4</td> <td>$(-4)^2 + 2(-4) - 3 \rightarrow 5$</td> <td>(-4, 5)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-2</td> <td>$(-2)^2 + 2(-2) - 3 \rightarrow -3$</td> <td>(-2, -3)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-1</td> <td>$(-1)^2 + 2(-1) - 3 \rightarrow -4$</td> <td>(-1, -4)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>$(0)^2 + 2(0) - 3 \rightarrow -3$</td> <td>(0, -3) open dot!</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>$(0) + 1 \rightarrow 1$</td> <td>(0, 1) closed dot</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>$(1) + 1 \rightarrow 2$</td> <td>(1, 2)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>$(2) + 1 \rightarrow 3$</td> <td>(2, 3)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>$(3) + 1 \rightarrow 4$</td> <td>(3, 4)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	x	Work to find f(x) or y	Pt (x,y)	-4	$(-4)^2 + 2(-4) - 3 \rightarrow 5$	(-4, 5)	-2	$(-2)^2 + 2(-2) - 3 \rightarrow -3$	(-2, -3)	-1	$(-1)^2 + 2(-1) - 3 \rightarrow -4$	(-1, -4)	0	$(0)^2 + 2(0) - 3 \rightarrow -3$	(0, -3) open dot!	0	$(0) + 1 \rightarrow 1$	(0, 1) closed dot	1	$(1) + 1 \rightarrow 2$	(1, 2)	2	$(2) + 1 \rightarrow 3$	(2, 3)	3	$(3) + 1 \rightarrow 4$	(3, 4)												
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<p>b.) *This function has four pieces! For parts to its graph.</p> $f(x) = \begin{cases} -1 & \text{if } x < -3 \\ - x + 5 & \text{if } -3 \leq x < 3 \text{ or } x \neq 0 \\ -3 & \text{if } x = 0 \\ 2x - 10 & \text{if } x \geq 3 \end{cases}$ <p>Blue function → $y = -1$</p> <p>Green function → $y = - x + 5$</p> <p>Red function → $y = -3$</p> <p>Purple function → $y = 2x - 10$</p>		<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>x</th> <th>Work to find f(x) or y</th> <th>Pt (x,y)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-5</td> <td>-1</td> <td>(-5, -1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-4</td> <td>-1</td> <td>(-4, -1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-3</td> <td>-1</td> <td>(-3, -1) *open dot*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-3</td> <td>$- -3 + 5 \rightarrow 2$</td> <td>(-3, 2) *closed*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-1</td> <td>$- -1 + 5 \rightarrow 4$</td> <td>(-1, 4)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>$- 0 + 5 \rightarrow 5$</td> <td>(0, 5) *open*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>$- 1 + 5 \rightarrow 4$</td> <td>(1, 4)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>$- 3 + 5 \rightarrow 2$</td> <td>(3, 2) *open*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>-3</td> <td>(0, -3)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>$2(3) - 10 \rightarrow -4$</td> <td>(3, -4) *closed*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>$2(4) - 10 \rightarrow -2$</td> <td>(4, -2)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>$2(5) - 10 \rightarrow 0$</td> <td>(5, 0)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	x	Work to find f(x) or y	Pt (x,y)	-5	-1	(-5, -1)	-4	-1	(-4, -1)	-3	-1	(-3, -1) *open dot*	-3	$- -3 + 5 \rightarrow 2$	(-3, 2) *closed*	-1	$- -1 + 5 \rightarrow 4$	(-1, 4)	0	$- 0 + 5 \rightarrow 5$	(0, 5) *open*	1	$- 1 + 5 \rightarrow 4$	(1, 4)	3	$- 3 + 5 \rightarrow 2$	(3, 2) *open*	0	-3	(0, -3)	3	$2(3) - 10 \rightarrow -4$	(3, -4) *closed*	4	$2(4) - 10 \rightarrow -2$	(4, -2)	5	$2(5) - 10 \rightarrow 0$	(5, 0)
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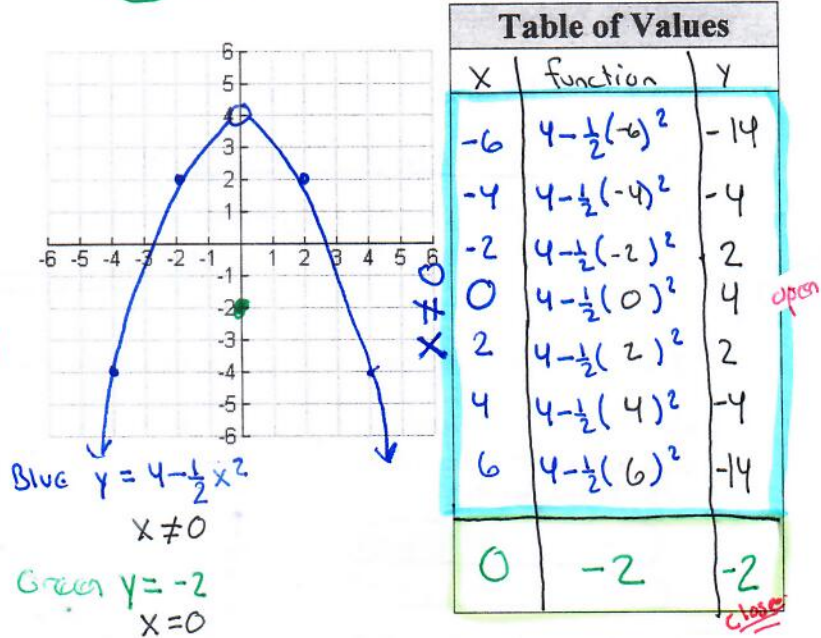
f(x) → “y =”

Example 2: Make a table of domain values ("work") and graph each piecewise function.

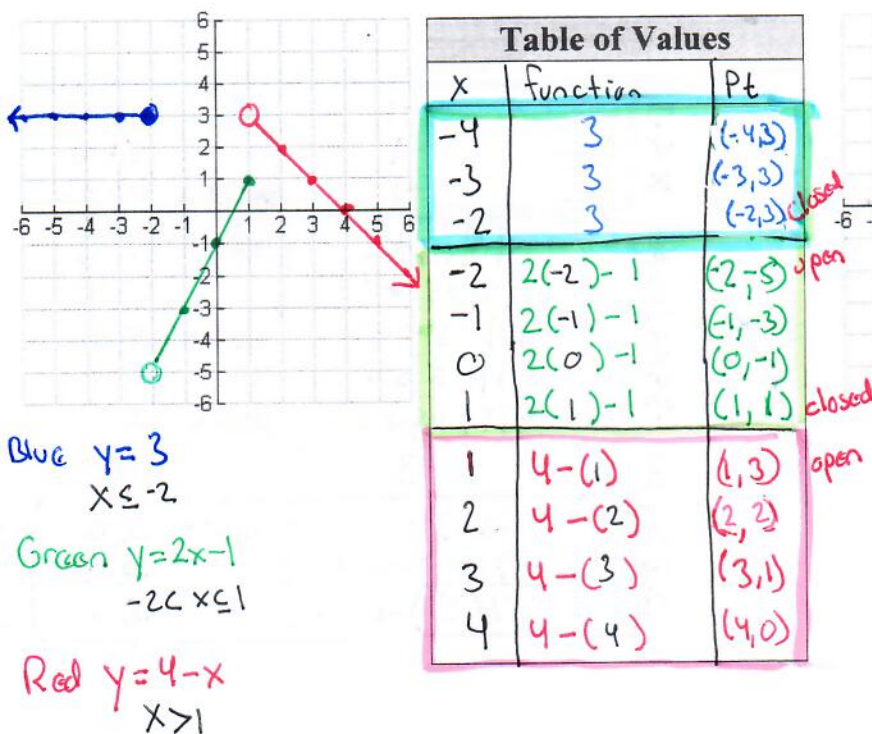
a.) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x+3 & \text{if } x < -1 \\ 3-x & \text{if } x \geq -1 \end{cases}$



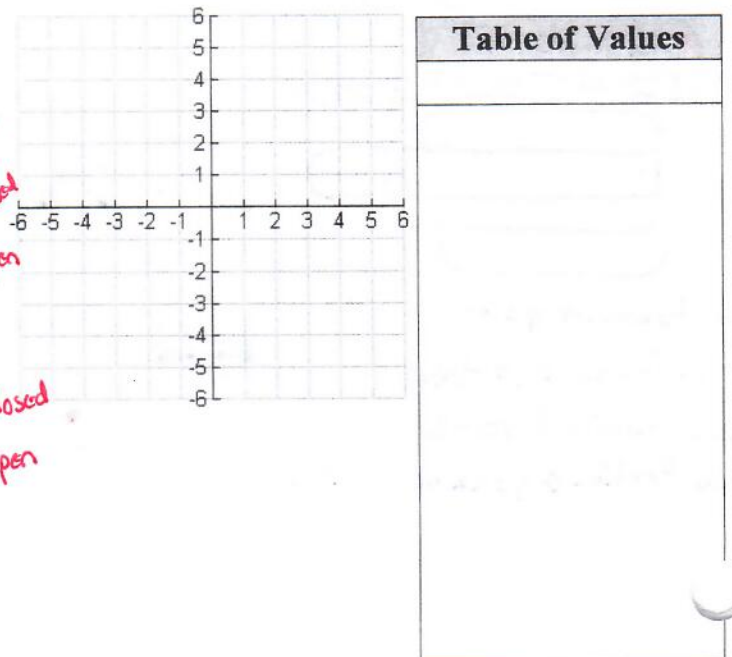
b.) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ -2 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases}$



c.) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 & \text{if } x \leq -2 \\ 2x-1 & \text{if } -2 < x \leq 1 \\ 4-x & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$



d.) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^2 - 4 & \text{if } |x| \leq 2 \\ 5 & \text{if } |x| > 2 \end{cases}$



Example 3: Complete the problem.

During a particular year, the taxes owed by a married person filing separately with an adjusted gross income of x dollars is given by the piecewise function below:

$$T(x) = \begin{cases} 0.15x & \text{if } 0 \leq x < 17,900 \\ 0.28(x - 17,900) + 2685 & \text{if } 17,900 \leq x < 43,250 \\ 0.31(x - 43,250) + 9783 & \text{if } x \geq 43,250 \end{cases}$$

$$T(x) = 0.31(x - 43,250) + 9783$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(70,000) &= 0.31(70,000 - 43,250) + 9783 \\ &= \$18,075.50 \end{aligned}$$

Find and interpret: $T(70,000) + T(40,000)$

$$\$18,075.50 + \$8873$$

The couples Adjusted gross income is \$26,948.50

$$T(x) = 0.28(x - 17,900) + 2685$$

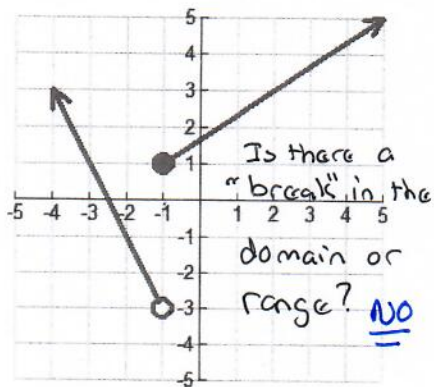
$$\begin{aligned} T(40,000) &= 0.28(40,000 - 17,900) + 2685 \\ &= \$8873 \end{aligned}$$

Example 4: Determine the domain and range of each piecewise graph in interval notation.

Domain "x" Left to Right Range "y" Bottom to Top

$[-]$ $()$
 $-\infty$ ∞

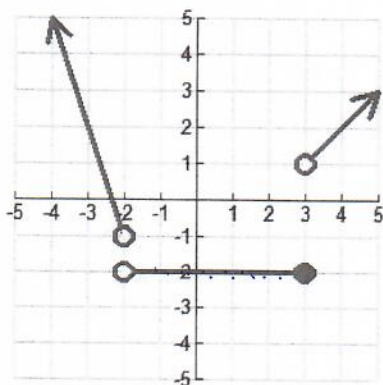
Example 4a



D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

R: $(-3, \infty)$

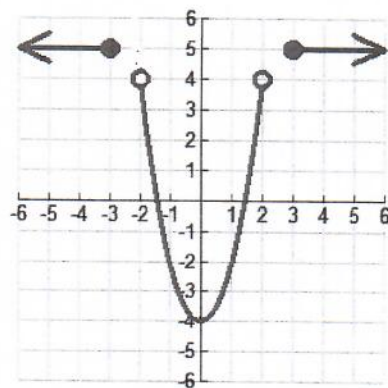
Example 4b



D: $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, \infty)$

R: $[-2] \cup (-1, \infty)$

Example 4c



D: $(-\infty, -3] \cup (-2, 2) \cup [3, \infty)$

R: $[-4, 4) \cup [5]$

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