

1.5 – Piecewise Functions

iecewise Function

Is a function that has its graph broken into different parts, thus its name “Piece”wise. The different functions are defined on VARIOUS DOMAIN VALUES (x-values). The x-values (independent) determine which function piece to use. *(Inequalities after the word if)*

- Step # 1** → Evaluate the function based on its domain (x) values ; start with #'s after the word IF.
- Step # 2** → Make a table of values (points) ; indicate if those points are closed or open dots.
- Step # 3** → After graphing (by hand – calculator is not helpful), CHECK for one MAJOR FEATURE: Piecewise function’s graphs should NOT CROSS EACH OTHER!

Example 1: Evaluate each piecewise function. Validate points with the function’s given graph.

Given Piecewise Function	Graph of Piecewise Function	Evaluate/Complete Table of Values																																							
<p>a.) <i>*Inequality</i> tells you what #'s to use for "x".</p> $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 2x - 3 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x + 1 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$ <p>Two pieces to the functions</p> <p>Blue piece $x^2 + 2x - 3$ <i>"x < 0"</i> ← open dot at (0, -3)</p> <p>Green piece → $x + 1$ <i>x ≥ 0</i> ← closed dot at (0, 1)</p>		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>x</th> <th>Work to find f(x) or y</th> <th>Pt (x,y)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-4</td> <td>$(-4)^2 + 2(-4) - 3 \rightarrow 5$</td> <td>(-4, 5)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-2</td> <td>$(-2)^2 + 2(-2) - 3 \rightarrow -3$</td> <td>(-2, -3)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-1</td> <td>$(-1)^2 + 2(-1) - 3 \rightarrow -4$</td> <td>(-1, -4)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>$(0)^2 + 2(0) - 3 \rightarrow -3$</td> <td>(0, -3) <i>open dot!</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>$(0) + 1 \rightarrow 1$</td> <td>(0, 1) <i>closed dot!</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>$(1) + 1 \rightarrow 2$</td> <td>(1, 2)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>$(2) + 1 \rightarrow 3$</td> <td>(2, 3)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>$(3) + 1 \rightarrow 4$</td> <td>(3, 4)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	x	Work to find f(x) or y	Pt (x,y)	-4	$(-4)^2 + 2(-4) - 3 \rightarrow 5$	(-4, 5)	-2	$(-2)^2 + 2(-2) - 3 \rightarrow -3$	(-2, -3)	-1	$(-1)^2 + 2(-1) - 3 \rightarrow -4$	(-1, -4)	0	$(0)^2 + 2(0) - 3 \rightarrow -3$	(0, -3) <i>open dot!</i>	0	$(0) + 1 \rightarrow 1$	(0, 1) <i>closed dot!</i>	1	$(1) + 1 \rightarrow 2$	(1, 2)	2	$(2) + 1 \rightarrow 3$	(2, 3)	3	$(3) + 1 \rightarrow 4$	(3, 4)												
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<p>b.) <i>*This function has four pieces!</i> For parts to its graph.</p> $f(x) = \begin{cases} -1 & \text{if } x < -3 \\ - x + 5 & \text{if } -3 \leq x < 3 \cup x \neq 0 \\ -3 & \text{if } x = 0 \\ 2x - 10 & \text{if } x \geq 3 \end{cases}$ <p>Blue function → $y = -1$</p> <p>Green function → $y = - x + 5$</p> <p>Red function → $y = -3$</p> <p>Purple function → $y = 2x - 10$</p>		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>x</th> <th>Work to find f(x) or y</th> <th>Pt (x,y)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-5</td> <td>-1</td> <td>(-5, -1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-4</td> <td>-1</td> <td>(-4, -1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-3</td> <td>-1</td> <td>(-3, -1) <i>*open dot*</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>-3</td> <td>$- -3 + 5 \rightarrow 2$</td> <td>(-3, 2) <i>*closed*</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>-1</td> <td>$- -1 + 5 \rightarrow 4$</td> <td>(-1, 4)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>$- 0 + 5 \rightarrow 5$</td> <td>(0, 5) <i>*open*</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>$- 1 + 5 \rightarrow 4$</td> <td>(1, 4)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>$- 3 + 5 \rightarrow 2$</td> <td>(3, 2) <i>*open*</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>-3</td> <td>(0, -3)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>$2(3) - 10 \rightarrow -4$</td> <td>(3, -4) <i>*closed*</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>$2(4) - 10 \rightarrow -2$</td> <td>(4, -2)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>$2(5) - 10 \rightarrow 0$</td> <td>(5, 0)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	x	Work to find f(x) or y	Pt (x,y)	-5	-1	(-5, -1)	-4	-1	(-4, -1)	-3	-1	(-3, -1) <i>*open dot*</i>	-3	$- -3 + 5 \rightarrow 2$	(-3, 2) <i>*closed*</i>	-1	$- -1 + 5 \rightarrow 4$	(-1, 4)	0	$- 0 + 5 \rightarrow 5$	(0, 5) <i>*open*</i>	1	$- 1 + 5 \rightarrow 4$	(1, 4)	3	$- 3 + 5 \rightarrow 2$	(3, 2) <i>*open*</i>	0	-3	(0, -3)	3	$2(3) - 10 \rightarrow -4$	(3, -4) <i>*closed*</i>	4	$2(4) - 10 \rightarrow -2$	(4, -2)	5	$2(5) - 10 \rightarrow 0$	(5, 0)
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$f(x) \rightarrow "y="$

Example 2: Make a table of domain values (“work”) and graph each piecewise function.

a.) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x+3 & \text{if } x < -1 \\ 3-x & \text{if } x \geq -1 \end{cases}$

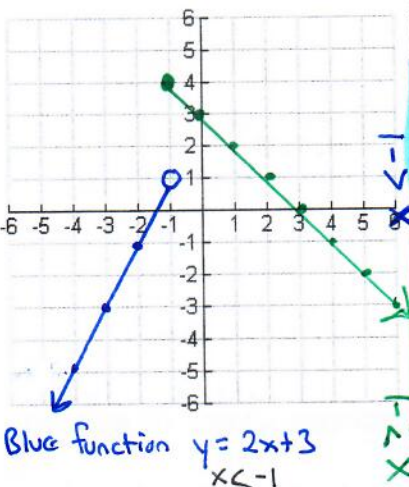


Table of Values		
X	Function	Pt (x,y)
-5	$2(-5)+3 \rightarrow -7$	$(-5, -7)$
-4	$2(-4)+3 \rightarrow -5$	$(-4, -5)$
-3	$2(-3)+3 \rightarrow -3$	$(-3, -3)$
-2	$2(-2)+3 \rightarrow -1$	$(-2, -1)$
-1	$2(-1)+3 \rightarrow 1$	$(-1, 1)$ open
-1	$3 - (-1)$	$(-1, 4)$ closed
0	$3 - (0)$	$(0, 3)$
1	$3 - (1)$	$(1, 2)$
2	$3 - (2)$	$(2, 1)$
3	$3 - (3)$	$(3, 0)$

b.) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ -2 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases}$

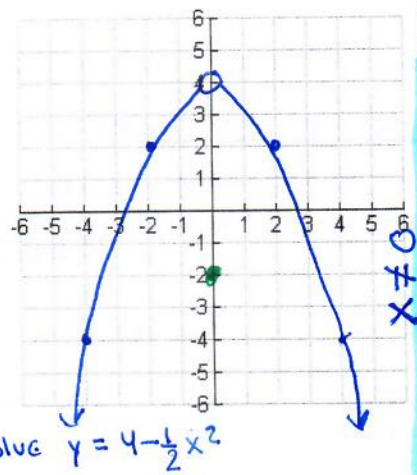


Table of Values		
X	function	Y
-6	$4 - \frac{1}{2}(-6)^2$	-14
-4	$4 - \frac{1}{2}(-4)^2$	-4
-2	$4 - \frac{1}{2}(-2)^2$	2
0	$4 - \frac{1}{2}(0)^2$	4 open
2	$4 - \frac{1}{2}(2)^2$	2
4	$4 - \frac{1}{2}(4)^2$	-4
6	$4 - \frac{1}{2}(6)^2$	-14
0	-2	-2 closed

c.) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 & \text{if } x \leq -2 \\ 2x-1 & \text{if } -2 < x \leq 1 \\ 4-x & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$

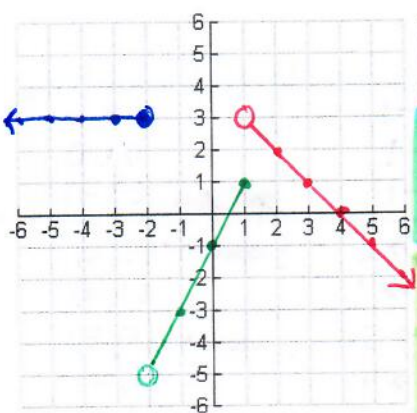


Table of Values		
X	Function	Pt
-4	3	$(-4, 3)$
-3	3	$(-3, 3)$
-2	3	$(-2, 3)$ closed
-2	$2(-2) - 1$	$(-2, -3)$ open
-1	$2(-1) - 1$	$(-1, -3)$
0	$2(0) - 1$	$(0, -1)$
1	$2(1) - 1$	$(1, 1)$ closed
1	$4 - (1)$	$(1, 3)$ open
2	$4 - (2)$	$(2, 2)$
3	$4 - (3)$	$(3, 1)$
4	$4 - (4)$	$(4, 0)$

d.) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^2 - 4 & \text{if } |x| \leq 2 \\ 5 & \text{if } |x| > 2 \end{cases}$

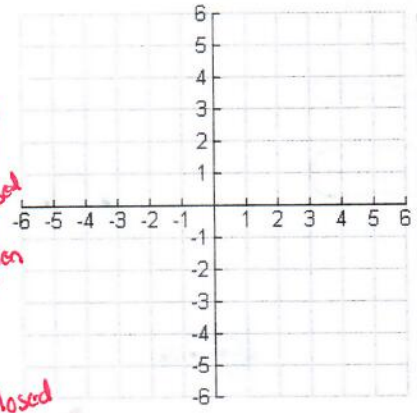


Table of Values		
X	Function	Y

Blue $y = 3$
 $x \leq -2$

Green $y = 2x - 1$
 $-2 < x \leq 1$

Red $y = 4 - x$
 $x > 1$